# IN THE CLAIMS:

- 1. (Currently Amended) A colored polymeric resin composition, comprising:
- a polymeric resin; and
- a 1,8-diaminoanthraquinone derivative having a purity of greater than or equal to about 90 wt% and having a Formula (VIII):

wherein R<sub>2</sub> - R<sub>7</sub> are, individually, selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, a hydroxyl group, an aryloxy group, an aliphatic group, an aromatic group, a heterocyclic group, a halogen atom, a cyano group, a nitro group, --COR<sub>9</sub>, --COOR<sub>9</sub>, -NR<sub>10</sub>COR<sub>11</sub>, --NR<sub>10</sub>COR<sub>11</sub>, --CONR<sub>9</sub>R<sub>10</sub>, --CONHSO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>11</sub>, and --SO<sub>2</sub>NHCOR<sub>11</sub>; in which R<sub>9</sub> and R<sub>10</sub> are, individually, selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, an aliphatic group, an aromatic group, and a heterocyclic group; wherein R<sub>11</sub> is selected from the group consisting of an aliphatic group, an aromatic group, and a heterocyclic group; and wherein R is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, an alkyl group containing 1 to 20 carbon atoms, a cycloalkyl group containing 3 to 20 carbon atoms, a cyclohexyl, isopropyl, 3-N.N-dimethylaminopropylamine, N.N-diethylaminoethyl, an allyl group containing 3 to 20 carbon atoms, a hydroxyl group, a 5-membered heterocyclic ring, and a 6-membered heterocyclic ring.

- 2. (Previously Presented) The composition of Claim 1, wherein the 1,8-diaminoanthraquinone derivative has a heat stability of about 600°F (315°C), a maximum absorption located between about 530 and 610 nm, an extinction coefficient at 650 nm of less than or equal to about 1,000 mol<sup>-1</sup>·cm<sup>-1</sup>·L (measured in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> solution), a minimum extinction coefficient at 600 nm greater than or equal to about 1,500 mol<sup>-1</sup>·cm<sup>-1</sup>·L, or combinations thereof.
- 3. (Previously Presented) The composition of Claim 1, wherein the 1,8-diaminoanthraquinone derivative has a light transmission of greater than or equal to about 70% at 650 nm, a curing index of greater than or equal to about 0.1 and a filtration index of greater than or equal to about 2.5, and a ratio of extinction coefficient at 650 nm to 600 nm less than about 0.1.
- 4. (Previously Presented) The composition of Claim 1, wherein the 1,8-diaminoanthraquinone derivative has an absorbance ratio at 600 nm to 365 nm of greater than or equal to about 2.
- 5. (Original) The composition of Claim 4, wherein the absorbance ratio at 600 nm to 365 nm is greater than or equal to about 5.
- 6. (Original) The composition of Claim 1, wherein the absorbance ratio at 600 nm to 365 nm is greater than or equal to about 10.
- 7. (Original) The composition of Claim 1, wherein the polymeric resin comprises polycarbonate.
- 8. (Previously Presented) The composition of Claim 1, wherein the 1,8-diaminoanthraquinone derivative is present in an amount of about 0.01 wt% to about 5 wt%, based upon the total weight of the composition.
- 9. (Previously Presented) The composition of Claim 1, wherein the 1,8-diaminoanthraquinone derivative is present in an amount of about 0.01 wt% to about 1 wt%, based upon the total weight of the composition.
- 10. (Previously Presented) The composition of Claim 1, wherein the 1,8-diaminoanthraquinone derivative has a filtration index greater than or equal to about 4.0.

- 11. (Original) The composition of Claim 10, wherein the filtration index is greater than or equal to about 6.
- 12. (Previously Presented) The composition of Claim 1, wherein the 1,8-diaminoanthraquinone derivative has a curing index greater than or equal to about 0.5.
- 13. (Original) The composition of Claim 12, wherein the curing index is greater than or equal to about 5.
- 14. (Previously Presented). The composition of Claim 1, wherein the 1,8-diaminoanthraquinone derivative comprises 1,8 bis(cyclohexylamino)anthraquinone.
- 15. (Previously Presented) The composition of Claim 1, wherein the 1,8-diaminoanthraquinone derivative comprises 1,8-dialkylaminoanthraquinone.
- 16. (Previously Presented) The composition of Claim 15, wherein 1,8-diaminoanthraquinone derivative is present in an amount of about 0.1 wt% to about 0.4 wt%, based upon the total weight of the composition.
- 17. (Previously Presented) The composition of Claim 1, wherein the 1,8-diaminoanthraquinone derivative has a ratio of extinction coefficient at 650 nm to the maximum extinction coefficient of less than or equal to about 0.1.
- 18. (Previously Presented) The composition of Claim 1 wherein the 1,8-diaminoanthraquinone derivative has a ratio of extinction coefficient at 650 nm to the extinction coefficient at 600 nm of less than or equal to about 0.1.
- 19. (Previously Presented) The composition of Claim 1, wherein the 1,8-diaminoanthraquinone derivative has a maximum absorption located between about 540 nm and about 600 nm as measured in methylene chloride solution.
- 20. (Original) The composition of Claim 19, wherein the maximum absorption is located between about 550 nm and about 590 nm as measured in methylene chloride solution.

- (Previously Presented) The composition of Claim 1, wherein the 1,8-21. diaminoanthraquinone derivative gives a hue angle value of less than 335 degrees in polycarbonate composition (when used at a loading of 0.01 pph at a part thickness of 3.2 mm).
- 22. (Original) The composition of Claim 21, wherein the hue angle is less than or equal to about 330 degrees.
- 23. (Original) The composition of Claim 22, wherein the hue angle of less than or equal to about 320 degrees.

- 24. (Currently Amended) A colored polymeric resin composition, comprising: a polymeric resin; and
- a 1,8-diaminoanthraquinone derivative having a Formula (VIII):

(VIII)

wherein R<sub>2</sub> - R<sub>7</sub> are, individually, selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, an aliphatic group, an aromatic group, a heterocyclic group, a halogen atom, a cyano group, a nitro group, — COR<sub>9</sub>, --COOR<sub>9</sub>, --NR<sub>10</sub>COR<sub>11</sub>, --NR<sub>10</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>11</sub>, --CONR<sub>9</sub>R<sub>10</sub>, --CONHSO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>11</sub>, and --SO<sub>2</sub>NHCOR<sub>11</sub>; in which R<sub>9</sub> and R<sub>10</sub> are, individually, selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, an aliphatic group, an aromatic group, and a heterocyclic group; wherein R<sub>11</sub> is selected from the group consisting of an aliphatic group, an aromatic group, and a heterocyclic group; and wherein R is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, an alkyl group containing 1 to 20 earbon atoms, a cyclohexyl group containing 3 to 20 carbon atoms, a hydroxyl group, a 5-membered heterocyclic ring, and a 6-membered heterocyclic ring;

wherein an article formed from the composition has a hue angle value of less than or equal to about 330 degrees (when used at a loading of 0.01 pph at an article thickness of 3.2 mm).

- 25. (Original) The composition of Claim 24, wherein the hue angle is less than or equal to about 320 degrees.
- 26. (Currently Amended) The composition of Claim 21, wherein said polymeric resin is a polycarbonate resin.
- 27. (Original) The composition of Claim 26 wherein the polycarbonate resin has a weight average molecular weight (Mw) of less than or equal to about 20,000.
  - 28. (Original) An article formed from the composition of Claim 1.
  - 29. (Original) An article formed from the composition of Claim 21.
  - 30. (Original) An article formed from the composition of Claim 24.
  - 31. (Original) An article formed from the composition of Claim 27.

## 32. (Currently Amended) A method of making a colored polymeric article, comprising:

forming a composition of a polymeric resin and a 1,8-diaminoanthraquinone derivative having a Formula (VIII):

$$R_7$$
 $R_6$ 
 $R_6$ 
 $R_6$ 
 $R_6$ 
 $R_6$ 
 $R_6$ 
 $R_6$ 
 $R_7$ 
 $R_8$ 
 $R_8$ 
 $R_8$ 
 $R_9$ 
 $R_9$ 
 $R_9$ 

wherein R<sub>2</sub> - R<sub>7</sub> are, individually, selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, an aliphatic group, an aromatic group, a heterocyclic group, a halogen atom, a cyano group, a nitro group, -COR<sub>9</sub>, --COOR<sub>9</sub>, -NR<sub>10</sub>COR<sub>11</sub>, --NR<sub>10</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>11</sub>, --CONR<sub>9</sub>R<sub>10</sub>, --CONHSO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>11</sub>, and -SO<sub>2</sub>NHCOR<sub>11</sub>;
in which R<sub>9</sub> and R<sub>10</sub> are, individually, selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, an aliphatic group, an aromatic group, and a heterocyclic group; wherein R<sub>11</sub> is selected from the group consisting of an aliphatic group, an aromatic group, and a heterocyclic group; and wherein R is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, an alkyl-group containing 1 to 20 earbon atoms, a cyclohexyl-group containing 3 to 20 carbon atoms, a dimethylaminopropylamine, N,N-diethylaminoethyl, an allyl group containing 3 to 20 carbon atoms, a hydroxyl group, a 5-membered heterocyclic ring, and a 6-membered heterocyclic ring;

wherein the 1,8-anthraquinone derivative gives a hue angle value of less than or equal to about 330 degrees (when used at a loading of 0.01 pph at an article thickness of 3.2 mm); and

forming the composition into the article.

- 33. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 32, wherein the 1,8-diaminoanthraquinone derivative is present in an amount of less than or equal to about 80 wt% based upon the total weight of the composition.
- 34. (Original) The method of Claim 32, further comprising forming the composition insitu during the forming of the article.
- 35. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 34, wherein the forming of the composition insitu further comprises using at least one of a masterbatch, single colorant dispersion, or a liquid dying process.
- 36. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim 32, wherein the polymeric resin is formed into colored pellets prior to being introduced to a the mold.

#### 37. (Currently Amended) A colorant, comprising:

a 1,8-diaminoanthraquinone derivative having a purity of greater than or equal to about 90 wt% and having a Formula (VIII):

wherein R<sub>2</sub> - R<sub>7</sub> are, individually, selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, a hydroxyl group, an alkexy group, an arylexy group, an aliphatic group, an aromatic group, a heterocyclic group, a halogen atom, a cyano group, a nitro group, --COR<sub>9</sub>, -COOR<sub>9</sub>, -NR<sub>2</sub>R<sub>10</sub>, -NR<sub>10</sub>COR<sub>11</sub>, --NR<sub>10</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>11</sub>, --CONR<sub>9</sub>R<sub>10</sub>, --CONHSO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>11</sub>, and --SO<sub>2</sub>NHCOR<sub>11</sub>; in which R<sub>9</sub> and R<sub>10</sub> are, individually, selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, an aliphatic group, an aromatic group, and a heterocyclic group; wherein R<sub>11</sub> is selected from the group consisting of an aliphatic group, an aromatic group, and a heterocyclic group; and wherein R is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, an alkyl group containing 1 to 20 carbon atoms, a cycloalkyl group containing 3 to 20 carbon atoms, a hydroxyl group, a 5-membered heterocyclic ring, and a 6-membered heterocyclic ring.